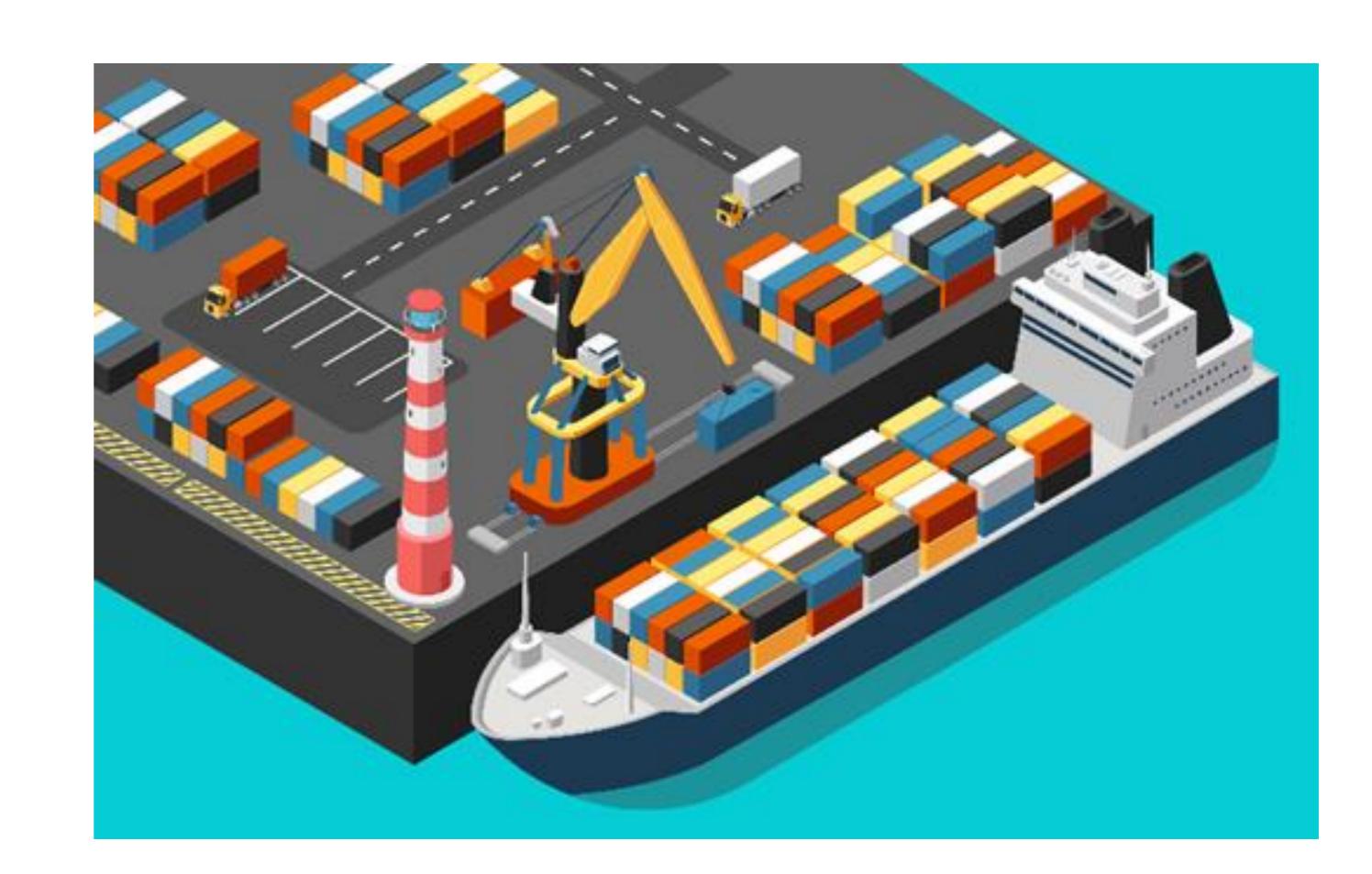


Introduction

Cargo handling

- Time- & cost-consuming process
- Increased risk potential
- Significant environmental impact

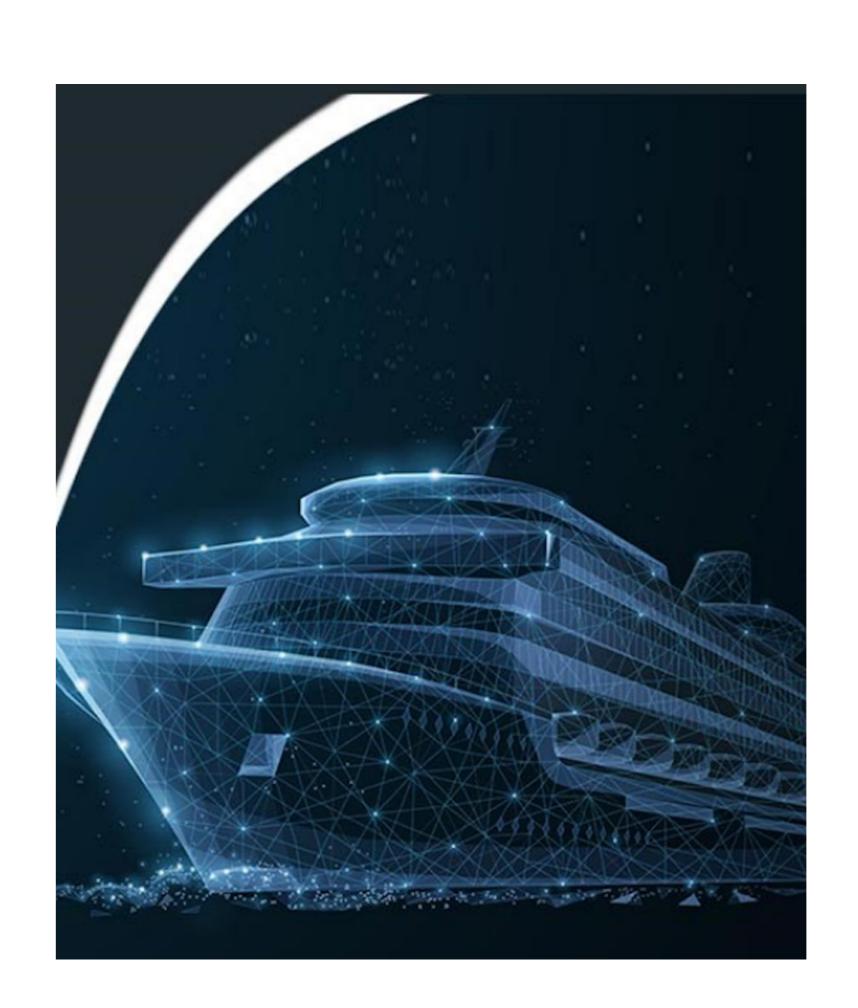


Automation/Autonomy

- Great potential but limited adoption (focus on remote operation & optimization)
- Promotion of efficiency and competitiveness

Small ports & Short Sea Shipping (SSS)

- Valuable alternative but with low integration
- Ideal testbed for automation
- Modal shift from land-based transportation













MOSES Vision & Concept

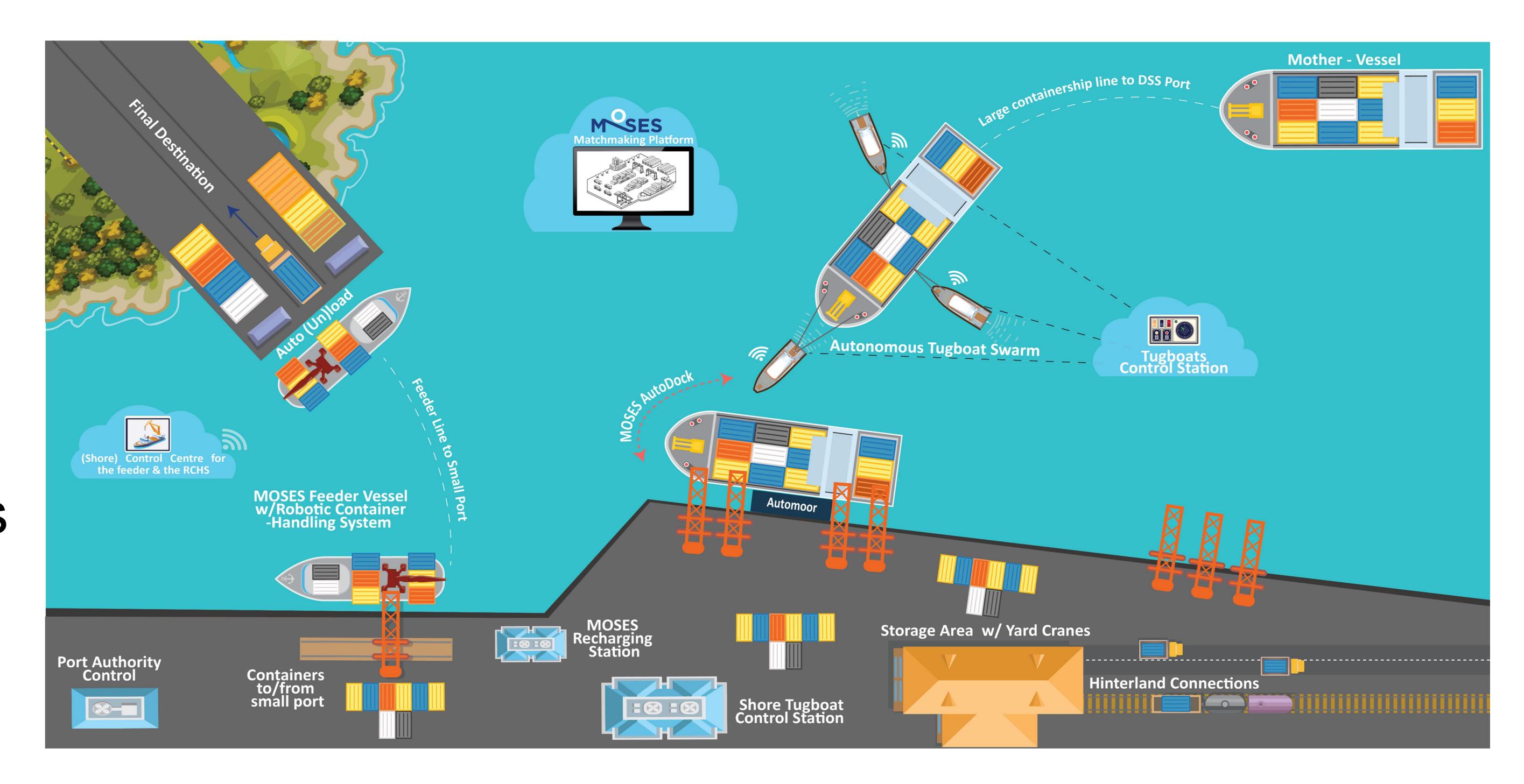
The aim of MOSES project is to enhance the Short Sea Shipping (SSS) component of the European supply chain by addressing the vulnerabilities and strains related to the operation of large containerships.

DSS ports efficiency

- Technological solutions for improving DSS ports inefficiencies
- Berthing time reduction
- Safety improvement

SSS feeder services

- Ship design for sustainable services
- No infrastructure requirement
- Logistics solution for balancing demand-supply















MOSES Facts & Figures

- Project Title: AutoMated Vessels and Supply Chain
 Optimisation for Sustainable Short Sea Shipping
- Call identifier: H2020-MG-2.6-2019
- Topic: "Moving freight by Water: Sustainable infrastructure and Innovative Vessels"
- Duration: 36 months
- Funding scheme: Research and Innovation Action
- **EU contribution:** € 8.122.150
- Coordinated by: National Technical University of Athens (NTUA), Greece















MOSES Objectives

Improve efficiency and end-to-end delivery times of SSS mode

Reduce the environmental footprint for SSS and ports

Develop an automated manoeuvring and docking system for DSS ports

Develop and promote a logistics matchmaking platform to boost SSS

Technical ### Color ### Technical ### Techni



Promote smart port development with minimal investment

Develop concrete business cases

Design innovative, hybrid electric feeder vessel outfitted with a robotic container-handling system















MOSES Automation & Autonomy (1/2)

Autonomous Vessel Maneuvering & Docking

- Autonomous Tugboat Swarm operation
- Al algorithm













Automated Mooring

Vacuum-based system for hands-free mooring and automated berthing (AutoMoor)







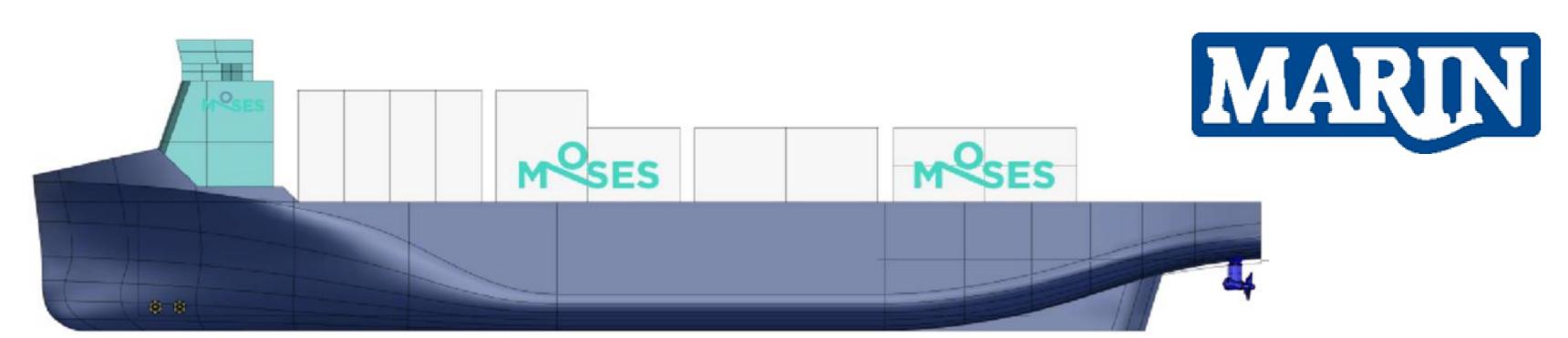




MOSES Automation & Autonomy (2/2)

Autonomous Navigation

- Innovative Feeder Vessel
- Hybrid electric propulsion
- Improved energy performance





Autonomous Container Handling

- Self-sufficient Robotic Container Handling System
- Onboard crane for container (un)loading
- Shared control between human operator and system















MOSES Impact

- Increased situational awareness
- Reduction of docking time
- Reduction of port emissions
- Improved efficiency and delivery times
- Increased safety of port processes
- Enhancement of SSS
- Economic development for small ports with minimum investment
- Increased reliability of waterborne transport
- High market opportunities









